

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier **Premier 400 Series Edge Sticks - all colors**

Other means of identification

SDS number

Recommended use Wax Based furniture repair filler putty

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name: **Premier Packaging Corp.**  
**9424 Gulfstream Road**  
**Frankfort IL 60423**  
**815-469-7951**  
**815-469-8047 Fax**

CHEMTREC(North America)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

This product does not meet the criteria for classification according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (OSHA GHS).

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.

Signal word None.

Hazard statement The product does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response Wash hands after handling.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Microcrystalline wax		63231-60-7	100
Organic & Inorganic Pigments			0-10

## 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Solid: No specific first aid measures noted. If fumes from heated product are inhaled: Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Solid: No specific first aid measures noted. If burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Solid: No specific first aid measures noted. Exposure to fumes, vapors or smoke of over heated product can result in irritation of eyes. Direct contact of molten material will cause injury and burns. When handling of molten product eye shield must be worn at all times. If a contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Should an accident occur, flush eyes with generous amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Administer prompt first aid measures. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Solid: No specific first aid measures noted. Not acutely toxic by ingestion. If material is ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact with hot product may cause severe burns. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Eye and skin contact: When heated, contact with molten product can cause injury and burns.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
<b>General information</b>	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	By heating and fire, irritating vapors/gases may be formed. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SOS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	<p>Handle as a thermoplastic. With molten spills, allow the material to solidify and cool. Keep material out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Recover and place into appropriate containers for recycling or disposal, according to prevailing local, state and federal laws.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Allow material to solidify, and scrape up. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SOS.</p>
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.



<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	No data available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower(%)</b>	0.9%
<b>Explosive limit - upper(%)</b>	7%
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	< 0.01 mm Hg (77 °F/25 °C)
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 5 (Air= 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.91 - 0.94 (77 °F/25 °C)
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	< 0.1 % (68 °F/20 °C)
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No data available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Partition coefficient (oil/water)</b>	< 0.01
<b>Percent volatile</b>	Negligible.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Decomposition of this product can generate carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other products such as aldehydes and ketones depending on conditions of oxidation.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Not relevant at normal room temperatures. When heated, irritating vapors may be formed. Wax fumes have been reported to be irritating to the respiratory tract, especially to sensitized persons.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Molten material will produce thermal burns.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Molten material will produce thermal burns.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Eye and skin contact: Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Thermal burn hazard - contact with hot material may cause thermal burns.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Not classified. Direct contact of molten product to the eyes will cause thermal burns and eye injury.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not classified.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>	
Not listed.	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Not classified.

<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Solid product: Not likely, due to the form of the product. Aspiration of large amounts of liquid material is reported to cause lipid pneumonia.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria. Exposure to vapors, fumes, or smoke from molten material handled in confined areas can produce irritation of respiratory tracts, and possible physical discomfort to sensitive individuals. In rats, chronic ingestion of paraffins has shown accumulation in target organs (liver, spleen) with associated nonspecific immune response.
<b>Further information</b>	None.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	No data available.
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	No data available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

<b>DOT</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IATA</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IMDG</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable.
<b>General information</b>	This product is not regulated as dangerous goods for solid and molten product shipped under 212 °F/100 °C. Hot molten product shipped over 212 °F/100 °C requires a class 9 "HOT" with statement: Elevated temperature material, liquid, N.O.S. 9, UN3257, III (WAX).

## 15. Regulatory information

<b>US federal regulations</b>	This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
<b>TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)</b>	Not regulated.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>	Not listed.
<b>CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)</b>	Not listed.

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
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Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)  
Not regulated.

Not regulated.

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SOWA)	Not regulated.
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Not regulated.

Not listed.

Not listed.

Not regulated.

Not Listed.

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

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Version#	02
HMIS® ratings	Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

## List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.  
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.  
TWA: Time weighted average.  
STEL: Short term exposure limit.  
DOT: Department of Transportation.  
IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.  
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.  
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.  
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.  
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.  
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.  
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.  
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

## References

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices  
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

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